

February Forecast Update for Atlantic Hurricane Activity in 2004

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Forecast Summary

The 2004 Atlantic hurricane season will see above average activity to 72% probability.

The TSR (Tropical Storm Risk) February forecast update for Atlantic hurricane activity in 2004 continues to anticipate an above average season. Atlantic basin and US landfalling tropical cyclone activity are forecast to be about 145% of average in 2004. The forecast spans the period from 1st June to 30th November 2004 and employs data through to the end of January 2004. TSR's two predictors are the forecast July-September 2004 trade wind speed over the Caribbean and tropical North Atlantic, and the forecast August-September 2004 sea surface temperature in the tropical North Atlantic. At present TSR anticipates both predictors having a moderate enhancing effect on activity. Monthly updated forecasts will be issued through to August 2004. Appendices give forecasts from prior months.

Atlantic ACE Index and System Numbers in 2004

		ACE Index	Intense Hurricanes	Hurricanes	Tropical Storms
TSR Forecast (±FE)	2004	139 (±53)	3.1 (±1.5)	7.6 (±2.4)	13.7 (±3.5)
54yr Climate Norm (±SD)	1950-2003	95 (±54)	$2.5(\pm 1.9)$	$6.0 (\pm 2.3)$	9.9 (±3.3)
Forecast Skill at this Lead	1989-2003	31%	32%	25%	17%

Key: ACE Index = Accumulated Cyclone Energy Index = Sum of the Squares of 6-hourly Maximum Sustained

Wind Speeds (in units of knots) for all Systems while they are at least Tropical Storm Strength.

ACE Unit = $x10^4$ knots².

Intense Hurricane = 1 Minute Sustained Wind > 95Kts = Hurricane Category 3 to 5. Hurricane = 1 Minute Sustained Wind > 63Kts = Hurricane Category 1 to 5.

Tropical Storm = 1 Minute Sustained Wind > 33Kts.

SD = Standard Deviation.

FE (Forecast Error) = Standard Deviation of Errors in Replicated Real Time Forecasts 1989-2003.

Forecast Skill = Percentage Improvement in Mean Square Error over Running 10-year Prior Climate Norm

from Replicated Real Time Forecasts 1989-2003.

There is a 72% probability that the 2004 Atlantic hurricane season ACE index will be above average (defined as an ACE index value in the upper tercile historically (>108)), a 21% likelihood it will be near-normal (defined as an ACE index value in the middle tercile historically (64 to 108) and a 7% chance it will be below-normal (defined as an ACE index value in the lower tercile historically (<64)). The 54-year period 1950-2003 is used for climatology.

ACE Index & Numbers Forming in the MDR, Caribbean Sea and Gulf of Mexico in 2004

		ACE Index	Intense Hurricanes	Hurricanes	Tropical Storms
TSR Forecast (±FE)	2004	123 (±57)	3.1(±1.6)	5.9 (±2.6)	10.1 (±3.8)
54yr Climate Norm (±SD)	1950-2003	73 (±55)	$2.2(\pm 1.8)$	4.1 (±2.4)	6.8 (±3.2)
Forecast Skill at this Lead	1989-2003	29%	33%	26%	18%

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The Atlantic hurricane Main Development Region (MDR) is the region 10°N - 20°N, 20°W - 60°W between the Cape Verde Islands and the Caribbean Lesser Antilles. A storm is defined as having formed within this region if it reached at least tropical depression status while in the area.

There is a 78% probability that in 2004 the MDR, Caribbean Sea and Gulf of Mexico ACE index will be above average (defined as an ACE index value in the upper tercile historically (>79)), a 17% likelihood it will be near-normal (defined as an ACE index value in the middle tercile historically (33 to 79) and a 5% chance it will be below-normal (defined as an ACE index value in the lower tercile historically (<33)). The 54-year period 1950-2003 is used for climatology.

USA Landfalling ACE Index and Numbers in 2004

		ACE	Tropical	
		Index	Hurricanes	Storms
TSR Forecast (±FE)	2004	3.3 (±1.3)	1.9 (±0.9)	4.1 (±1.7)
Average (±SD)	1950-2003	$2.2 (\pm 2.0)$	1.4 (±1.2)	3.0 (±1.9)
Forecast Skill at this Lead	1989-2003	27%	18%	25%

Key: ACE Index = \underline{A} ccumulated \underline{C} yclone \underline{E} nergy Index = Sum of the Squares of hourly Maximum

Sustained Wind Speeds (in units of knots) for all Systems while they are at least Tropical Storm Strength and over the USA Mainland (reduced by a factor of 6).

ACE Unit = $x10^4$ knots².

Landfall Strike Category = Maximum 1 Minute Sustained Wind of Storm Coming Within 30km of Land.

USA Mainland = Brownsville (Texas) to Maine.

USA landfalling intense hurricanes are not forecast since we have no skill at any lead.

There is a 75% probability that in 2004 the USA landfalling ACE index will be above average (defined as a USA ACE index value in the upper tercile historically (>2.40)), a 22% likelihood it will be near-normal (defined as a USA ACE index value in the middle tercile historically (0.90 to 2.40) and a 3% chance it will be below-normal (defined as a USA ACE index value in the lower tercile historically (<0.90)). The 54-year period 1950-2003 is used for climatology.

Caribbean Lesser Antilles Landfalling Numbers in 2004

		ACE Index	Intense Hurricanes	Hurricanes	Tropical Storms
TSR Forecast (±FE)	2004	$2.5 (\pm 2.7)$	0.4 (±0.4)	0.7 (±0.7)	1.7 (±1.1)
54yr Climate Norm (±SD)	1950-2003	1.4 (±2.1)	$0.2 (\pm 0.5)$	$0.4 (\pm 0.7)$	1.1 (±1.0)
Forecast Skill at this Lead	1989-2003	4%	7%	20%	0%

Key: ACE Index = Accumulated Cyclone Energy Index = Sum of the Squares of hourly Maximum

Sustained Wind Speeds (in units of knots) for all Systems while they are at least Tropical Storm Strength and within the boxed region (10°N-18°N,60°W-63°W)

(reduced by a factor of 6). ACE Unit = $x10^4$ knots².

Landfall Strike Category = Maximum 1 Minute Sustained Wind of Storm Coming Within 30km of Land.

Lesser Antilles = Island Arc from Anguilla to Trinidad Inclusive.

Key Predictors for 2004

The key factors behind the TSR forecast for an above-average hurricane season in 2004 are the anticipated moderate enhancing effect of July-September forecast trade winds at 925mb height over the Caribbean Sea and tropical North Atlantic region (7.5°N - 17.5°N, 30°W - 100°W), and of August-September forecast sea surface temperature for the Atlantic MDR (10°N - 20°N, 20°W - 60°W). The

current forecast anomalies (1973-2002 climatology) for these predictors are $0.60\pm0.76~\text{ms}^{-1}$ (up from last month's value of $0.50\pm0.85~\text{ms}^{-1}$) and $0.27\pm0.26^{\circ}\text{C}$ (similar to last month's value of $0.24\pm0.27^{\circ}\text{C}$) respectively. The corresponding forecast skills for these predictors at this lead are 33% and 30%.

Further Information and Next Forecast

Further information on the TSR forecast methodology, the TSR replicated real-time hindcast skill as a function of lead time, and on TSR in general, may be obtained either from the TSR web site (http://tropicalstormrisk.com) or from the 'Extended Range Forecast for Atlantic Hurricane Activity in 2002' document issued on the 23rd November 2001. The next TSR monthly forecast update for the 2004 Atlantic hurricane season will be issued on the 5th March 2004.

Appendix - Predictions from Previous Months

1. Atlantic ACE Index and System Numbers

Atlantic ACE Index and System Numbers 2004							
		ACE Index	Named Tropical Storms	Hurricanes	Intense Hurricanes		
Average Number (±SD) (1950-2003)		95 (±54)	9.9 (±3.3)	6.0 (±2.3)	2.5 (±1.9)		
	5 Feb 2004	139 (±53)	13.7 (±3.5)	7.6 (±2.4)	3.1 (±1.5)		
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	6 Jan 2004	132 (±59)	13.3 (±3.9)	7.2 (±2.6)	2.9 (±1.6)		
	5 Dec 2003	132 (±59)	13.0 (±4.0)	7.2 (±2.7)	2.9 (±1.6)		
Gray Forecast	5 Dec 2003		13	7	3		

2. MDR, Caribbean Sea and Gulf of Mexico ACE Index and Numbers

MDR, Caribbean Sea and Gulf of Mexico ACE Index and Numbers 2004							
		ACE Index	Named Tropical Storms	Hurricanes	Intense Hurricanes		
Average Number (±SD) (1950-2003)		73 (±55)	6.8 (±3.1)	4.1 (±2.4)	2.2 (±1.8)		
	5 Feb 2004	123 (±57)	10.1 (±3.8)	5.9 (±2.6)	3.1 (±1.6)		
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	6 Jan 2004	115 (±62)	9.7 (±4.1)	5.5 (±2.8)	2.9 (±1.7)		
	5 Dec 2003	115 (±63)	9.5 (±4.2)	5.5 (±2.8)	2.9 (±1.7)		

3. US Landfalling Numbers

US Landfalling Numbers 2004							
		ACE Index	Named Tropical Storms	Hurricanes			
Average Number (±SD) (1950-2003)		2.2 (±2.0)	3.0 (±1.9)	1.4 (±1.2)			
	5 Feb 2004	3.3 (±1.3)	4.1 (±1.7)	1.9 (±0.9)			
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	6 Jan 2004	3.1 (±1.4)	3.9 (±1.9)	1.7 (±1.1)			
	5 Dec 2003	3.1 (±1.4)	3.9 (±1.9)	1.7 (±1.1)			

4. Lesser Antilles Landfalling Numbers

Lesser Antilles Landfalling Numbers 2004							
		ACE Index	Named Tropical Storms	Hurricanes	Intense Hurricanes		
Average Number (SD) (1950-2003)		1.4 (±2.1)	1.1 (±1.0)	0.4 (±0.7)	0.2 (±0.5)		
	5 Feb 2004	2.5 (±2.7)	1.7 (±1.1)	0.7 (±0.7)	0.4 (±0.4)		
TSR Forecasts (±FE)	6 Jan 2004	2.3 (±2.7)	1.7 (±1.1)	0.7 (±0.7)	0.4 (±0.4)		
	5 Dec 2003	2.3 (±2.7)	1.7 (±1.1)	0.7 (±0.7)	0.4 (±0.4)		

